Stud Book and Registration Committee
Houston, Texas 2013

1. Meeting protocol

2. Committee guidelines

3. Numbers in Review Presentation
   - Registration
   - Stallion Breeding
   - Genetic Disease Panel Test
   - Frozen Semen/Frozen Embryo Permits
   - Frozen Semen/Deceased
   - International Registration

4. Member comments on agenda items 5-18

5. Amendments to parentage verification rules:

   (a) amend REG102.8.5 [202(i)(5)] and REG102.8.7 [202(i)(7)][1] so as to allow for the eligibility of a foal to be registered without parentage verification if the horse is more than 48 months of age or has excessive white. (1 proposal)

   (b) same proposal as 6(a) above + delete the requirement for a genetic type to be on file with AQHA for any mare foaled on or after January 1, 1989 prior to the registration of any foal. (1 proposal)

   (c) amend REG102.8.5 [202(i)(5)] and REG102.8.7 [202(i)(7)] to reinstate the hardship rule whereby parentage verification is not required for horses registered with APHA that became eligible for registration with AQHA in May 2004. (4 proposals)

   (d) delete REG108.3 [202 (j)] which requires a genetic type to be on file with AQHA for any mare foaled on or after January 1, 1989 prior to the registration of any foal. (1 proposal)

6. Amend REG106.2 [227(b)] so as to allow for the eligibility of registration of foals resulting from the breeding of two Appendix parents.

[1] 2012 rule numbers are listed in brackets "[ ]".

7. Amend REG113 [211] by adding the following language: “If for any reason, a stallion owner and/or authorized agent of the stallion will not a sign a breeder’s certificate, the AQHA will send one or both of the aforementioned entities a certified letter asking for a valid reason. If the letter is not returned in (60) days and all other criteria on behalf of the foal owner is met, the AQHA will register the foals and cannot be held responsible by the stallion owner and/or authorized agent. If a valid reason is given, the AQHA will not proceed with the registration process until a breeder’s certificate is signed or until a decision has been reached in a court of law.”

8. Amend REG103 [214)] to include the following language: “(1) names that are suggestive or obscene; names considered in poor taste; or names that may be offensive to religious, political or ethnic groups cannot be used and (2) names that appear to be designed to harass, humiliate or disparage a specific individual group of individuals or entity cannot be used.”

9. Amend REG104 [203] so as to:

(1) allow for the eligibility of a foal to be registered in the Numbered Registry if such foal is the result of a breeding of a parent registered in the Appendix Registry and a parent registered in the Numbered Registry so long as the foal traces back to a minimum of 93.75% (15/16) lineage to horses registered in the Numbered Registry; and

(2) to provide that horses previously registered in the Appendix Registry that meet the conditions in (1) above are eligible to apply to be registered in the Numbered Registry.

10. Amend REG104.4 [203(f)] to state: “Horses that are the offspring of two registered American Quarter Horse parents are not eligible for international registration and should follow the normal registration rules and procedures.”

11. Amend the first sentence of REG102.9 [202(d)] by deleting the references to specific international countries and simply state: “Registration applications for horses foaled in a country recognized by AQHA as an International Affiliate, should be submitted for processing to the affiliate and submission to AQHA for approval.”

12. Amend REG102.9 [202(d)] so as to:

(1) delete “South Africa” from the list of international countries; and

(2) state: “Registration applications for horses foaled in South Africa must be accompanied by a copy of the original South African registration certificate, issued by S.A. Stud Book and Animal Improvement Association, the registering authority of the South African Quarter Horse Association (SAQHA), according to the stipulations of the Animal Improvement Act of 1998 of the Republic of South Africa.” (2 proposals)

13. Amend Rule REG109 [205] so as to:

(1) make the genetic panel test mandatory for all future registrations;

(2) require placement of the genetic panel test results on the registration certificate; and

(3) waive testing of offspring of parents who are N/N for all genetic diseases on the genetic panel test.

14. Amend Rule REG109 [205] so as to:

(1) require mandatory genetic testing for HERDA for all descendants of the stallion Poco Bueno; and

(2) require placement of the HERDA test results on the certificate of registration. (3 proposals)

15. Amend REG109 [205] so as to:

(1) add additional descriptive language to the definition of HERDA;

(2) require notation on the registration certificate of foals descending from Poco Bueno that the horse has an ancestor known to carry HERDA;

(3) require mandatory testing for HERDA if AQHA requires parentage of the foal in question;

(4) require that foals born on or after January 1, 2014 that are descendants of the stallion Poco Bueno or any other bloodline determined to carry the HERDA gene be parentage verified and tested for HERDA prior to registration;

(5) make any foal testing homozygous positive for HERDA (Hrd/Hrd) ineligible for registration; and

(6) require placement of "HERDA carrier" statement on the registration certificates of parents of Hrd/Hrd foals.

16. Amend various AQHA rules to allow for the registration of the offspring of horses produced through Somatic Cell Nuclear Transfer ("SCNT"), a particular form of cloning.

17. Add a registration rule to:

(1) require all owners of mares or stallions that have been cloned to submit a report to AQHA verifying the existence of clone(s);

(2) require additional DNA testing before registering offspring of a mare that has been cloned; and

(3) require that the registration certificates of the offspring/ progeny of a stallion that has been cloned contain notation that the stallion in question is known to have a clone, and, at this time, AQHA has no way to differentiate whether an offspring is by an original stallion or by the clone(s) of such stallion.

18. Excessive White; Halter

The Stud Book and Registration Committee is the Committee that makes recommendations associated with specifying those traits that are undesirable to the breed, including excessive white (see REG109.8 [205(h)]). Because the three member

proposals below request horses with excessive white be eligible to compete in halter, a class whose conformation selection process is tied to the resemblance of the breed ideal (see SHW350 & SHW350.1 [448(a-c)]), AQHA's Executive Committee requested that such proposals be placed on the Stud Book and Registration Committee's agenda. The proposals are as follows:

(1) Amend SHW350.2 [448(c)(1)] to state: "Any horse that is double registered (AQHA/APHA) shall be permitted to show in halter classes (or at least in performance halter). The horse exhibiting excessive white will be penalized as with any other major fault in a halter horse, i.e. over in the knee, cow hocked, long back, club foot etc."

(2) Amend SHW350.2 [448(c)(1)] to state: "Any horses whose registration certificates are marked with a parrot mouth notation (REG109.1 [205(a)]) or cryptorchid notation (REG109.2 [205(b)]) are ineligible to compete in halter classes. Horses with excessive white notation on their registration papers are eligible to compete in performance halter classes only."

(3) Amend SHW350.2 [448(c)(1)] and SHW 362.10 [448(h)] as follows:

SHW350.2 [448(c)(1)] to state: "All horses whose registration certificates are marked with a parrot mouth notation (REG 109.1 [205(a)]) or a cryptorchid notation (REG109.2 [205(b)]) are ineligible to compete in halter classes; and

SHW362.10 [448(h)] to state: "Spayed mares and horses with excessive white notation (REG109.8 [205(h)]) are (a) eligible to be shown in performance halter and versatility ranch horse conformation classes; (b) ineligible to be shown in any other halter class and (c) ineligible for grand and reserve."

19. Election of committee chair

20. Adjournment