

The Indian Horse Period

History Facts/Reading:

Power Point

Program Theme Report Online

Geography Map:

Louisiana Territory

1. The Louisiana Purchase stretched from the state of Montana in the north down to the state of Louisiana in the south.
2. What body of water touched the Louisiana Purchase? Gulf of Mexico
3. What two Territories bordered the Louisiana Purchase? Oregon Territory and Territory of the Original 13 States
4. What three Cessions bordered the Louisiana Purchase? British Cession, Spanish Cession, and Mexican Cession

Math:

Indians often raided colonies due to broken peace treaties and stole the settlers' horses.

1. If the Indians raided a paddock holding 85 horses and stole 35 horses and let 15 more horses run away, how many horses would the settlers have left in the paddock? 35
2. If the Indians opened the gates to a paddock releasing 85 horses and the settlers could only catch 27 of those horses, how many horses would be roaming free? 58

Cowboys would often find wild horses and wrangled them into paddocks for choosing the best of the stock for breeding and use as work or pleasure horses.

3. If a herd of wild horses numbered 276 and the cowboys split them into two groups, how many horses would be in each group if they were equal in number? 138
4. If a herd of wild horses numbered 276 and the cowboys split them into three groups, how many horses would be in each group if they were equal in number? 92
5. If six cowboys sold 25 horses a piece, and each horse sold for \$20, how much money did they have all together? \$3000.00

Vocabulary/Spelling:

Paddock - a small enclosed field, often for grazing or training horses, usually near a house or stable

Herd - a large group of mammals living and feeding together

Acquisition – gaining possession

Territory - An area of land; a region

Cession – surrendering of a territory or land to another country by treaty

Expedition - an organized journey or voyage for a specific purpose

Encounter - A meeting, especially one that is unplanned, unexpected, or brief

Science:

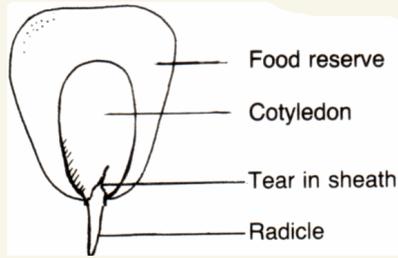
Indians had various things to share with the explorers, but corn, or maize, was one of the most useful. Corn could be stored easily and could be made into corn bread, corn flour, corn fritters, corn pudding, and other food items.

Scientific Classification of Maize

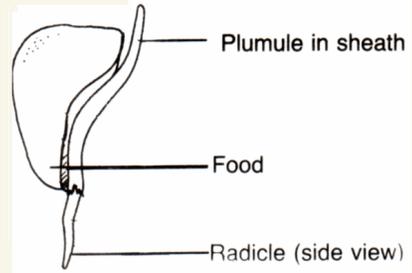
Kingdom:	Plantae
(unranked):	Commelinids
Order:	Poales
Family:	Poaceae
Subfamily:	Panicoideae
Tribe:	Andropogoneae
Genus:	<i>Zea</i>
Species:	<i>Z. mays</i>

The biology of maize.

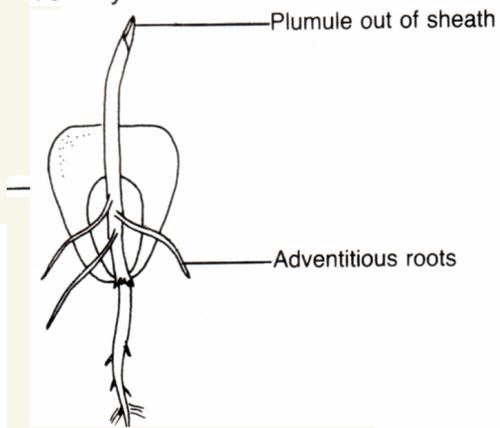
3 days



7 days



10 days



16 days

